

Family Muroenesocidae

Body greatly elongated, eel like, anteriorly partly cylindrical. Tail long, compressed. Jaws not excessively elongated though conspicuous and conic. Vomer well armed with teeth. Tongue largely adnate. Hind nostril not labial. Gill openings rather wide, narrowly separated below. Branchiostegal membrane connects opposite sides below. Body scaleless. Lateral line present. End of tail surrounded by caudal fin. Pectoral well developed. Vent in front half of body.

Plain colored eels, some of large size, living in rather deep water and resembling the congers. Found in all tropical and subtropical seas.

Analysis of genera

a.¹ Teeth in jaws in several series, one series enlarged and compressed, long canines in front; vomer with series of teeth, median very large canines; tail longer than rest of body.

Muraenesox.

a.² Teeth in jaws triserial, median series long wide set canines; vomer with very small teeth; tail shorter than rest of body.

Oxyconger.

a.³ Teeth all conic, slender, pointed, in wide bands in jaws, deep edentulous groove on maxillary divides 2 parallel bands; vomer with median series of conic teeth; tail longer than rest of body.

Xenodermichthys.

Genus Muraenesox McClelland
Muraenesox McClelland, Calcutta
 Journ. Nat. Hist., vol. 4, 1844, p. 408.

Type Muraenesox tricuspidata
McClelland = Muraena arabica Schneider;
 virtually designated by Bleeker, Atlas
 Ichth. Ind. Néerl., vol. 4, 1864, p. 19.

Muraenesox McClelland, Calcutta Journ.
 Nat. Hist., vol. 5, 1845, pp. 172, 180, 210.

Type Muraenesox tricuspidata McClelland.
Cynoponticus Costa, Fauna Napoli,
 Pesc., 1846, fasc. 52-53, p. 1. Atypic.

Type Cynoponticus ferox Costa,
 in index p. 6, monotypic.

Brachyconger Bleeker, Nederl. Tijds.
Dierk., vol. 2, 1865, p. 116. Type
Conger savanna Cuvier, monotypic.

Congresox Gill, Proc. U. S. Nat. Mus.,
vol. 13, 1890, p. 234. Type Conger
talabon Cuvier, orthotypic.

Rhechias Jordan, Proc. U. S. Nat.
Mus., vol. 59, 1921, p. 644. Type
Rhechias armiger Jordan, orthotypic.

Snout moderately produced.
Eye large, oval, without free lids.
Upper jaw rounded at end, little
expanded and somewhat separated
by subterminal notch from rest of
snout. Mouth wide, cleft extends
well back behind eye. Teeth in
jaws in several series, of first series
enlarged and depressed, forming
long canines in front. Vomer with
several long series of teeth, median
row of strong canines. Front nostril
with short tube and behind notch
of upper jaw. Hind nostril opposite
middle in depth of eye and about

1861
eye diameter before it. Gill opening
wide. Dorsal and anal well
developed, former begins little before
or above gill opening.

Large conger like eels, found
in most warm seas. Remarkable
for the strong-armature of teeth
on the vomer. Species few.

Larval form.

1862

Leptocephalus schmidti Weber.

Leptocephalus schmidti Weber,

Siboga Exped., vol. 57, Fische, 1913,

p. 74, figs. 23-24. Bay of Bina. —

Weber and Beaufort, Fishes Indo

Austral. Archipelago, vol. 3, 1916, p. 401,

figs. 200 (head) 201 (type).

Analysis of species

a.¹ Outer mandibular teeth not directed outwards; median canines of vomer with distinct anterior and posterior basal lobes. arabicus.

a.² Outer row of mandibular teeth directed or flaring outward; median canines of vomer at most with indication only of basal lobes.

b.¹ Pectoral 3 in head. talabon.

b.² Pectoral 4 or more in head. talabonoides.

Muraenesox arabicus (Schneider)¹⁸⁶⁴

Muraena arabicus Schneider, Syst.
Ichth. Bloch, 1801, p. 488. Red Sea.

(On Muraena cinerea Forsk.)

Muraenesox arabicus Fowler, Proc.
Acad. Nat. Sci. Philadelphia, 1929,
p. 592 (Shanghai), p. 601 (Hong
Kong); Hong Kong Naturalist, vol. 2,
no. 4, Nov. 1931, p. 290 (Hong Kong);
vol. 3, no. 1, March 1932, p. 53.

(Hong Kong, Shanghai, Natal, India).

Muraenesox arabicus Fowler, Hong Kong
Naturalist, vol. 3, no. 1, March 1932 (p.
53), fig. 3.

Muraena cinerea Forskål, Descript.
Animal, 1775, p. 10. Arabia (nomen
nudum; not Bonnaterre 1788).

Muraena tota cinerea Forskål, Descript.
Animal, 1775, p. 22. Djedda, Re Sea
(nonbinomial).

Muraena myrus var. tota cinerea
Gmelin, Syst. Nat. Linn., ed. 13, pt. 1,
1789, p. 1134. Red Sea (on Forskål).

Conger cinereus Rüppell, Atlas Reise
Nordl. Afrika, Fische, 1828, p. 115
(part; not description or figure).

Muraenesox cinereus Günther, Cat. Fishes
Brit. Mus., vol. 8, 1870, p. 46 (India,
Vizagapatam, Calcutta, Malay Peninsula),

Proc. Acad. Nat. Sci. Philadelphia,
1927, p. 259 (Orani, Orion and
Philippines);
✓

Philippines, Formosa, Amoy, Japan,
Australia, types of Congrus brevispinis,
Congrus angustidens, Congrus protverus).

— Klunzinger, Verh. zool. bot. Gesell.
Wien, vol. 21, 1871, p. 608 (Red Sea). —

† — Martens, Preuss. Exped. Ost-Asien,
vol. 1, 1876, p. 405 (Bangkok, Singapore,
Manila).

Handl., Stockholm, 1877, p. 46 (Nagasaki).

— Day, Fishes of India, pt. 4, 1878, p.
602, pl. 168, fig. 4. — Peters, Monatsber.

Akad. Wiss. Berlin, 1880, p. 926 (Kingpo).

— Günther, Rep. Voy. Challenger, vol. 1,
pt. 6, 1880, p. 73 (Kobe). — Károli,

Termesz. Füzetek, Budapest, vol. 5,

1866

Philippines, Formosa, Amoy, Japan,
Australia, types of Congrus brevicuspis,
Congrus angustidens, Congrus protverus).

— Klunzinger, Verh. zool. bot. Gesell.

→ Wien, vol. 21, 1871, p. 608 (Red Sea). —

Castelnau, Proc. Linn. Soc. New South
Wales, vol. 2, 1877, p. 244 (Brisbane River).

— Nystrom, ~~Kon.~~ ^{Bikoung Kong} Svenska Vet. Akad.

Handl., Stockholm, 1877, p. 46 (Nagasaki).

— Day, Fishes of India, pt. 4, 1878, p.

602, pl. 168, fig. 4. — Peters, Monatsber.

Akad. Wiss. Berlin, 1880, p. 926 (Kingpo).

— Günther, Rep. Voy. Challenger, vol. 1,

pt. 6, 1880, p. 73 (Kobe). — Károli,

Termesz. Füzetek, Budapest, vol. 5,

1881, p. 185 (Harangoon). — Sauvage,
Bull. Soc. Philom., Paris, ser. 7,
vol. 5, 1881, p. 107 (Swatow). —

Macleay, Proc. Linn. Soc. New South
Wales, vol. 8, 1883, p. 278 (Hood Bay,
New Guinea). — Day, Fauna British
India, vol. 1, 1889, p. 91. — Elera, Cat.

Fauna ~~Filipinas~~, vol. 1, 1895, p. 587
(Mindoro, Luzon, Manila Bay, Manang
River). — Rutter, Proc. Acad. Nat. Sci.

Philadelphia, 1897, p. 61 (Swatow). —
Ishikawa and Matsuura, Prelim. Cat.
Fishes Mus. Tokyo, 1897, p. 6. —

Ogilby, Handbook of Sydney, 1898, p. 119.
— Jordan and Snyder, Proc. U. S. Nat.

- Mus., vol. 23, 1901, p. 857 (Tokyo,
 Misaki, Tsuruga, Wakanoura,
 Onomichi, Hiroshima, Nagasaki). —
Pfeffer, ^{Pharus} Ost Afrika Fische, 1903, p. 41.
 — Stead, Fishes of Australia, 1906, p. 44.
 — Jordan and Seale, Bull. Bur. Fisher.,
 vol. 26, 1906 (1907), p. 6 (Manila). —
Jordan and Richardson, Bull. Bur.
 Fisher., vol. 27, 1907 (1908), p. 237
 (Manila). — Regan, Ann. Natal Gov.
 Mus., 1908, p. 243 (Durban Bay). —
Jordan and Dickerson, Proc. U. S. Nat.
 Mus., vol. 34, 1908, p. 604 (Suva). —
Seale, Philippine Journ. Sci., vol. 5,
 no. 4, 1910, p. 265 (Hong Kong). —

Franz, ~~Abhandl.~~ ~~Kön.~~ Bayer. Akad.
Wiss., vol. 4, Suppl. Band 1, 1910, p.
12 (Yokohama). — Gilchrist and Thompson,
Ann. South African Mus., vol. 11, no. 2,
1911, pt. 2, p. 52 (Natal). — Snyder,
Proc. U. S. Nat. Mus., vol. 42, 1912, p.
406 (Kagoshima). — Jugmayer, ~~Abhandl.~~
Kön. Bayer. Akad. Wiss., Math.-
~~physik.~~ Klasse, vol. 26, band 6, 1913,
p. 9 (Mekran; Oman). — Weber and Beaufort,
Fishes Indo Austral. Archipelago, vol.
1, 1913, p. 100 (Mekran; Oman).
— Gilchrist and Thompson, Ann. Durban
Mus., vol. 1, pt. 4, May 21, 1917, p. 302
(compiled).
Stores; (Mekran) — Vowles, Opera, no. 58,

Franz, ~~Abhandl.~~ ~~Kön.~~ Bayer. Akad.
Wiss., vol. 4, Suppl. Band 1, 1910, p.
12 (Yokohama). — Gilchrist and Thompson,
Ann. South African Mus., vol. 11, no. 2,
1911, pt. 2, p. 52 (Natal). — Snyder,
Proc. U. S. Nat. Mus., vol. 42, 1912, p.
406 (Kagoshima). — Jugmayer, ~~Abhandl.~~
Kön. Bayer. Akad. Wiss., Math.-
physik. Klasse, vol. 26, band 6, 1913,
p. 9 (Mekran; Oman). — Weber and Beaufort,
Fishes Indo Austral. Archipelago, vol.
3, 1916, p. 253, fig. 104 (head) (Api Api;
Sumatra; Kota Baru and Balikpapan;
Papan, Borneo; Makassar, Celebes;
Flores; Aru). — Fowler, Copeia, no. 58,

1870

June 18, 1918, p. 62 (Philippines).
— Herre, Philippine Journ. Sci.,
vol. 23, no. 2, Aug. 1923, p. 148, pl. 10,
fig. 1 (Manila, Alaminos, Aguio River,
Bancal River, Calabang, Tacloban,
Cavite; Hong Kong; Sandakan). —
Fowler, Proc. Acad. Nat. Sci. Philadelphia,
1925, p. 196 (Tugela River mouth, Natal,
60 fathoms). — Deraniyagala, Ceylon
Administrat. Rep., 1925, p. F15. —
Barnard, Ann. South African Mus.,
vol. 21, pt. 1, June 1925, p. 197, pl. 9, fig.
2 (Natal); pt. 2, Oct. 1927, p. 1018
(Delagoa Bay). — Evermann and Shaw,
Proc. Calif. Acad. Sci., ser. 4, vol. 16,

no. 4, Jan. 31, 1927, p. 102 (Chefoo).
— McCulloch, Fishes New South Wales,
ed. 2, 1927, p. 23, pl. 8, fig. 78a. —
Fowler, Mem. Bishop Mus., vol. 10,
1928, p. 37 (compiled); Journ. Bombay
Nat. Hist. Soc., vol. 32, no. 2, 1928,
p. 255 (off Bombay); vol. 33, no. 1,
Sep. 30, 1928, p. 104 (Bombay Bay).
— Wu, Contrib. Biol. Lab. Sci. Soc.
China, vol. 5, no. 4, 1929, p. 32, fig. 26
(head) (Amoy). — Chen, Bull. Biol.
Dep. Sun Yat-sen Univ., vol. 1, no. 1,
1929, p. 7, fig. 2 (dentition) (Macao,
Fouchow, Diapo, Hoihow, Ningpo,
Yuingkhoa, Lama, Limkoo, Pakhoi).

— Girant, Service Océanogr. Pêches¹⁸⁷²
Indo Chine, 6^e note, 1929, p. 174 (Hue).
Muraenesox cinereus Sauvage, Bull.
Soc. Philom., Paris, ser. 7, vol. 5, 1881,
p. 107 (Swatow).

Muraenesox cinereus Gorgoza, An. Soc.
Españ. Hist. Nat. Madrid, vol. 14,
1885, p. 74 (Manila).

Muraenesox cinerea Bartlett, Sarawak
Gazette, vol. 26, no. 368, 1896, p. 180
(Buntal and Moratabas).

Muraena bagio Buchanan-Hamilton,
Fishes of Ganges, 1822, pp. 24, 364.
Ganges estuaries.

1873

Conger bagio Cantor, Journ. Asiatic Soc. Bengal, vol. 18, pt. 2, 1849, p. 1298 (Malay Peninsula and Islands). — Bleeker, ~~Verhand.~~ ~~Batavia.~~ Genootsch. (Nal. Ichth. Japan), vol. 25, 1853, p. 19; (Nal. Ichth. Bengal), vol. 25, 1853, p. 78; (Nal. Ichth. Japan), vol. 26, 1857, p. 6 (Nagasaki); Act. Soc. ^{Sci.} Ind. Néerl. ~~and~~, no. 3, vol. 3, 1857-58, p. 6 (Japan). — Mason, Burmah Nat. Resources, 1860, p. 703 (reference). — Bleeker, Atlas Ichth. Ind. Néerland., vol. 4, 1864, p. 24, pl. (26) 170, fig. 2 (Java, Pinang, Singapore, Bintang, Sumatra, Borneo, Celebes, Philippines).

Muraenophis bagi Cantor, Journ.
Asiatic Soc. Bengal, vol. 18, pt. 1,
1849, p. 1301.

Muraenesox bagio Kaup, Archiv Naturg.,
1856, p. 70 (compiled); Cat. Apodal
Fish Brit. Mus., 1856, 116 (no
localities). — Bleeker, Nederl. ~~Tijdschr.~~
Dierk., vol. 2, 1865, p. 57 (Amoy).
— Kner, Reise Novara, Fische, 1865, p.
373 (Java). — Castelnau, Proc. Linn.
Soc. New South Wales, vol. 3, 1878, p.
(355) 395 (Port Jackson).

△ Ophisurus rostratus Quoy and Gaimard,
Voy. Uranie, Zool., 1824, p. 242, pl. 51, fig.
1. Ile Rawak.

Conger longirostris Bennett, Life of Raffles, 1830, p. 692. Sumatra.

Conger oxyrhynchus Eydoux and Souleyet, Voy. Bonite, Zool., vol. 1, 1841, p. 203, pl. 9, fig. 2. Macao, China.

Muraenesox tricuspidata McClelland, Calcutta Journ. Nat. Hist., vol. 4, 1844, p. 409, pl. 24, fig. 1. Chusan and Ningpo; near Calcutta, India.

Muraenesox tricuspidata McClelland, Calcutta Journ. Nat. Hist., vol. 5, 1845, p. 210 (Bengal and China).

Congrus tricuspidatus Richardson, Voy. Sulphur, Fishes, 1844, p. 105, pl. 51, fig. 2 (Chusan, Ningpo, Canton); Ichth.

1876
Voy. Erebus and Terror, 1844-48, p.
110 (China and India); Ichth.

China and Japan, 1846, p. 312
(Chusan, Ningpo, Canton).

Muraenesox hamiltoniae McClelland,
Calcutta Journ. Nat. Hist., vol. 5, 1845,
p. 182, pl. 8, fig. 3 (on Muraena bagio
Buchanan-Hamilton).

Muraenesox hamiltonii McClelland,
Calcutta Journ. Nat. Hist., vol. 5, 1845,
p. 210, pl. 8, fig. 3.

Muraenesox bengalensis McClelland,
Calcutta Journ. Nat. Hist., vol. 5, 1845,
p. 182. Bengal.

Muraenesox aurea McClelland,
 Calcutta Journ. Nat. Hist., vol. 5,
 1845, p. 183 (on Taloo fauna Russell,
 Fishes of Coromandel, vol. 1, 1803, p.
 23, Vizagapatam).

Muraeophis bazi McClelland, Calcutta
 Journ. Nat. Hist., vol. 5, 1845, p. 203.
 (on Muraenesox hamiltoniae McClelland).

Conger hamo Schlegel, Fauna Japonica,
 Poiss., pts. 10-14, 1846, p. 262, pl. 114,
 fig. 2. All bays in south west of Japan;
 Osaka. — Brevoort, Narr. Exped. China
 Jap. Perry, vol. 2, 1856, p. 282 (Simoda).
Congrus hamo Richardson, Ichth. Voy.
 Erebus and Terror, 1844-48, p. 111

(Philippines).

Congrus protverus Richardson, Ichth.
Voy. Erebus and Terror, 1844-48, p.
110. Unknown locality.

Congrus angustidens Richardson, Ichth.
Voy. Erebus and Terror, 1844-48, p. 110.
China.

Congrus brevispis Richardson, Ichth.
Voy. Erebus and Terror, 1844-48, p. 111.
Habitat unknown. — Kaup, Cat. Apodal
Fish Brit. Mus., 1856, p. 118 (copied).

Conger singaporensis Bleeker, ~~Verhand.~~
~~Batavia~~. Genootsch. (Muraen.), vol. 25,
1855, p. 21. Batavia; Singapore.

Muraenesox singapurensis Bleeker,
Atlas Ichth. Ind. Néerl^{and}, vol. 4,
1864, p. 25, pl. (7) 151, fig. 2 (Java,
Singapore, Celebes). — Kner, Reise
Novara, Fische, 1865, p. 371 (Madras,
Java, Hong Kong).

Conger moniliger Bleeker, Atlas Ichth.
Ind. Néerl^{and}, vol. 4, 1864, p. 24 (name
in synonymy).

Depth $2\frac{7}{8}$ to $3\frac{1}{2}$ in head, $14\frac{3}{5}$ to 20 to caudal base; head $2\frac{1}{4}$ to $2\frac{1}{2}$ to vent, $5\frac{1}{3}$ to 6 to caudal base, width $4\frac{2}{3}$ to 5 in head length; combined head and trunk $1\frac{1}{4}$ to $1\frac{2}{3}$ in rest of length.

Snout $3\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 in head; eye 8 to 9, 2 to $2\frac{4}{5}$ in snout, slightly greater to subequal with interorbital; mouth cleft 2 to $2\frac{1}{3}$ in head; upper teeth in 2 series, inner series posteriorly curved inward and forms broad band of 3 or 4 rows, with

age third or very low outer series
may form; lower teeth triserial,
median row greatly larger; and
form 2 or 3 large canines at front
of jaws; 8 to 10 canines on premaxillary;
vomer with median row of 5 to 8
large compressed tricuspid teeth;
interorbital 10 to 12 in head, convex.
Gill opening $6\frac{2}{5}$ to 8.

Dorsal begins little before gill
openings, sometimes advanced nearly
to last sixth of head, fin height
5 to $6\frac{4}{5}$ in head; caudal 3 to

$3\frac{1}{4}$; pectoral $2\frac{2}{5}$ to 3.

Gray to gray brown on back, paler or gray white to white below. Iris whitish or yellowish white. Vertical fins brown, with broad dark margins, neutral black on anal. Pectoral brownish, darker terminally.

6205. Batangas. June 7, 1908.
Length 378 mm.

6708. Cavite market. December 1, 1908.
Length 395 mm.

13000. Iloilo market. March 28,
1908. Length 458 mm.

4653. Manila market. January 13,
1908. Length 467 mm.

A436. Manila market. March 13, 1908.
Length 377 mm.

5696. Manila market. April 27, 1908.
Length 493 mm.

18438. Manila market. May 4, 1908.
Length 470 mm.

6261. Manila market. June 12, 1908.
Length 274 mm.

8300. Sorsogon market. March 12,
1909. Length 548 mm.

1884
6815. Kowloon market, September
19, 1908. Length 583 mm.

5108. Sandakan Bay, Borneo.
March 3, 1908. Length 490 mm.

Muraenesox talabon (Cuvier)

Conger talabon Cuvier, Règne Animal, ed. 2, vol. 2, 1829, p. 350 (on Talabon Russell, Fishes of Coromandel, vol. 1, 1803, p. 27, pl. 38, Vizagapatam).

— Cantor, Journ. Asiatic Soc. Bengal, vol. 18, pt. 2, 1849, p. 1294 (Pinang; Malay Peninsula). — Bleeker, Verh. Batavia. Genootsch. (Nal. Ichth. Bengal), vol. 25, 1853, p. 78 (reference). — Mason, Burmah Nat. Resources, 1860, p. 703 (reference).

Muraenesox talabon Bleeker, Atlas Ichth. Ind. Néerl^{and}, vol. 4, 1864, p. 22, pl. (8) 152, fig. 2 (Java, Madura,

Sumatra, Nias, Singapore, Borneo,
Celebes) . ~~Day, Fishes of Malabar,~~
~~1865, p. 246.~~ — Kner, Reise Novara,
Fische, 1865, p. 372 (locality ?) . —
Schmeltz, Cat. Mus. Godeffroy, no. 4,
1869, p. 26 (Singapore) . — Day, Fauna
British India, vol. 1, 1889, p. 90, fig.
38. — Elera, Cat. Fauna Filipinas,
vol. 1, 1895, p. 587 (Luzon, Cavite,
Santa Cruz) . — Duncker, Mitteil. Nat.
Mus. Hamburg, vol. 21, 1903 (1904),
p. 187 (Pinang, Singapore, Bandar
Maharani) . — Jordan and Seale,
Proc. Lavenport Acad. Sci., vol. 10, 1907,
p. 4 (Hong Kong) . — Weber and Beaufort,

1887

Fishes Indo Austral. Archipelago,
vol. 3, 1916, p. 255, fig. 103, Text
fig. 105 (dentition) (Bagan Api Api,
Sumatra; Balik Papan, Borneo).

— Vinciguerra, Ann. Mus. Civico Stor.
Nat. Genova, ser. 3, vol. 10, 1921-26,
p. 605 (Sarawak). — Herre, Philippine
Journ. Sci., vol. 23, no. 2, Aug. 1923,
p. 149 (Manila).

Muraenesox telabon Day, Fishes of
Malabar, 1865, p. 246; Fishes of
India, pt. 4, 1878, p. 661, pl. 168, fig.
5 (error).

Muranenox talabon Chen, Bull. Biol.
Dep. Sun Yat-sen Univ., vol. 1, no. 1, 1929,

p. 9 (reference; error).

Muraenesox exodon McClelland,
Calcutta Journ. Nat. Hist., vol. 4,
1844, p. 409. Bay of Bengal.

Muraenesox exodentata McClelland,
Calcutta Journ. Nat. Hist., vol. 5,
1845, p. 180, pl. 8, fig. 4 (type).

Muraenesox lanceolata McClelland,
Calcutta Journ. Nat. Hist., vol. 4, 1844,
p. 409. Bengal.

Muraenesox lanceolata McClelland,
Calcutta Journ. Nat. Hist., vol. 5, 1845,
pp. 181, 210 (compiled).

Muraenesox serradentata McClelland,
Calcutta Journ. Nat. Hist., vol. 4, 1844,

p. 409.

1889

Muraenesox serradentata McClelland,
Calcutta Journ. Nat. Hist., vol. 5, 1845,
p. 210 (compiled).

Muraenesox pristis Kaup, Archiv
Naturg., 1856, p. 74. Asia; Cat.
Apodal Fish Brit. Mus., 1856, p. 116
(Indian Ocean).

Muraenesox talabonoides (Bleeker)

Conger talabonoides Bleeker, Verh.
Batavia. Genootsch. (Muraen.), vol.
25, 1853, p. 20. Batavia, Java.

Muraenesox talabonoides Bleeker,
Atlas Ichth. Ind. Néerl., vol. 4, 1864,
p. 23, pl. (10) 154, fig. 2 (Java). —

Günther, Cat. Fishes Brit. Mus., vol.
8, 1870, p. 46 (Java). — Day, Fauna
British India, vol. 1, 1889, p. 91. —

Weber and Beaufort, Fishes Indo
Austral. Archipelago, vol. 3, 1916, p.
256, fig. 106 (head) (Balik Papan,
Borneo). — Fowler, Mem. Bishop
Mus., vol. 10, 1928, p. 37 (type of

1891

Rhechias armiger). — Chen, Bull.
Biol. Dep. Sun Yat-sen Univ., vol.
1, no. 1, 1929, p. 8, fig. 3 (dentition)
(Hoihow).

Muraenesox telabonoides Day, Fishes
of India, pt. 4, 1874, p. 662, pl. 168,
fig. 3 (Hooghly at Calcutta).

→ Muraena myrus (not Linnaeus) Gray,
Cat. Fish Gronow, 1854, p. 20 (part).

Rhechias armiger Jordan, Proc. U. S.
Nat. Mus., vol. 59, 1921, p. 644, fig. 1.
Hawaii. (Young dried example.)

{ Muraenesox talabonoides Fowler, Hong Kong
Naturalist, vol. 3, no. 1, March 1934, p. 55
(compiled).

Genus Oxyconger Bleeker

Oxyconger Bleeker, Atlas Ichth. Ind.
Néerl., vol. 4, 1864, p. 19. Type Conger
leptognathus Bleeker, orthotypic.

Body compressed, longer than tail.
Head moderate. Snout long, slender,
pointed. Eye small, slightly advanced.
Mouth cleft extends little beyond eye.
Teeth triserial in jaws, median as
long slender canines, wide set, some
straight, some curved. Vomer with
series of very small teeth. Gill
opening small. Nostrils without tubes,
posterior little before eye. Dorsal
inserted over gill opening. Pectoral
slender, short.

Oxyconger leptognathus (Bleeker)

Conger leptognathus Bleeker, Act. Soc.
Sci. Ind. Néerl., ^{ser.} no. 3, vol. 3, 1857-
58, p. 27, pl. 2, fig. 2. Japan.

Oxyconger leptognathus Günther, Cat.
Fishes Brit. Mus., vol. 8, 1870, p. 49 (type).

— Jordan and Snyder, Proc. U. S. Nat.
Mus., vol. 23, 1901, p. 858, fig. 9 (head
(Tokyo market)).

Genus Xenomystax Gilbert 1894

Xenomystax Gilbert, Proc. U. S. Nat. Mus., vol. 14, 1891, p. 348. Type

Xenomystax atrarius Gilbert.

Body long, shorter than long tapering tail. Head rather large. Snout long slender. Eye rather large, little advanced. Mouth cleft long, reaches beyond eye midway in head. Teeth conic, slender, sharp, mostly depressible, in broad bands in jaws, upper with edentulous groove on maxillary separating 2 parallel lengthwise bands. Vomer with teeth. Tongue small, adherent. Gill opening large.

Front nostril large, subtubular slit near snout tip; hind ~~one~~ slit on side of snout nearly medial. Gill opening large, interspace narrow. Branchial openings into pharynx wide slits. No scales. Vertical fins well developed, confluent, dorsal beginning little before gill opening. Pectoral less than snout.

Analysis of species

a.¹ Pectoral 2 in snout; head longer than trunk. atrarius.

a.² Pectoral $1\frac{2}{3}$ in snout; head equals trunk. trucidans.

Xenomystax atrarius Gilbert

Xenomystax atrarius Gilbert, Proc. U.
S. Nat. Mus., vol. 14, 1891, p. 348.

Albatross Station 2792, 401 fathoms, off
Ecuador.

— Jordan and Davis, Rep. U. S. Fish Comm.,
pt. 16, 1889 (1892), p. 649 (reference). —

Jordan and Evermann, Bull. U. S. Nat.

Mus., no. 47, pt. 1, 1896, p. 361 (compiled).

Xenomystax trucidans Alcock

Xenomystax trucidans Alcock, Journ.
Asiatic Soc. Bengal, vol. 63, pt. 2,
1894, p. 134. Laccadive Sea, 719 fathoms;
Illustrat. Zool. Investigator, pt. 3,
1895, pl. 16, fig. 5; Journ. Asiatic Soc.
Bengal, vol. 65, pt. 2, 1896, p. 338
(reference); Cat. Deep Sea Fishes
Indian Mus., 1899, p. 205 (Arabian
Sea between Laccadives and Malabar
Coast, 360 to 719 fathoms).

Family Heenchelidae

1898

Body elongate, anteriorly partly cylindrical, tail somewhat compressed.

Head tapering. Snout conic, somewhat prominent by prominence of ethmoid together with premaxillary plate beyond articulation with maxillaries.

Eye small. Mouth cleft small.

Teeth acute, few, spaced, uniserial
Tongue not free.
in jaws and on vomer. Front nostrils

in short tube near snout tip. Hind nostrils long narrow slit before eye.

Gill openings small or medium,

lateral, separated by wide interspace. Branchial openings in pharynx narrow slits. Lateral line present. Dorsal origin well behind gill openings. Dorsal, anal and caudal confluent. Pectorals present. Vent far behind gill openings, premedian.

Small eels of the Indo Pacific.

Genus Heenchelys Bamber
Heenchelys Bamber, Journ. Linn.
Soc. London, Zool., vol. 31, 1915, p.

479.

Body moderately deep. Snout small.
Eye far advanced. Mouth cleft
reaches beyond eye. Teeth rather
long. Branchiostegals 25, shining
through skin of pharynx. Vertical
fin low. Color uniform.

1901

Heenchelys buitendijki Weber and
Beaufort

Heenchelys buitendijki Weber and
Beaufort, Fishes Indo Austral.
Archipelago, vol. 3, 1916, p. p. 268,
fig. 116, fig. 117 (head). Batavia
Bay, Java.

1902

Family Sauromuraenesocidae

Body deepest premedially, compressed, with high arched back, tail low even at junction with trunk and tapering. Head large. Snout long, attenuate. Eye rather large. Mouth cleft wide. Teeth sharp, uniserial in jaws, some enlarged. Gill openings separate. No scales. Lateral line axial. Vertical fin low or little developed, confluent. Pectoral long.

One genus.

— Günther, Cruise of Curacoa, Breckley,
1873, p. 409 (Solomon Islands); Journ.

Mus. Godeffroy, vols. 2-3, pts. 5-6, 1874,
p. 28, pl. 23 (^{East Africa; East Indies;} Samoa). — Schmeltz, Cat.

Mus. Godeffroy, no. 5, 1874, p. 23 (Samoa);
no. 7, 1879, p. 39 (Samoa). — Macleay, Proc.

Linn. Soc. New South Wales, vol. 8, 1883, p.
260 (Hood Bay, New Guinea). — Schmeltz,

Cat. Mus. Godeffroy, no. 9, 1884, p. 27

(Samoa). — Jatjou and Lentz, Abhandl.

Venckenberg, Gesell., vol. 21, 1899, p. 501

(Zanzibar).

Diagramma lessoni Martens, Pours.

Expd. Est Asien, 1876, p. 387 (Amboina).

Meyer, Anales Soc. Españ. Hist. Nat. Madrid,
vol. 14, 1885, p. 14 (Macassar; Kordo, Mysore).

Plectrohynchus lessoni Bleeker, Atlas Ichth.

Ind. Néerl., vol. 7, 1873-76, pl. (39) 317, fig. 3;

vol. 8, 1876-77, p. 19 (Java, Ternate, Amboina,
Waigiu).

1903

Genus Sauromuraenesox Alcock
Sauromuraenesox Alcock, Ann. Mag.
Nat. Hist., ser. 6, vol. 4, 1889, p.

457. Type Sauromuraenesox vorax
Alcock, monotypic.

Tail nearly long as combined
head and trunk, much lower than
rest of body. Snout pointed, overhangs
and lower jaw.
mouth, Eye nearly at first fourth
in head. Mouth cleft extends beyond
eye, with slight notch in profile
of upper jaw near tip. Some
enlarged teeth on premaxillary and
front end of mandible. Row of fangs
on vomer. Tongue free. Nostrils

lateral. Gill opening large.

[Lateral line distinct, not conspicuous,
each pore at end of small branch.

(Gill openings into pharynx wide
slits. Heart placed between gills.

Vertical fins feeble. Pectoral
placed about midway in body depth.

1905

Sauromuraenesox vorax Alcock

Sauromuraenesox vorax Alcock,

Ann. Mag. Nat. Hist., ser. 6, vol. 4,
1889, p. 458. N. $20^{\circ}17'30''$ E. $88^{\circ}51'$,

Bay of Bengal, 193 fathoms;

Illustrat. Zool. Investigator, pt. 1,

1892, pl. 6, fig. 3; Journ. Asiatic

Soc. Bengal, vol. 65, pt. 2, 1896, p.

338 (reference); Cat. Deep Sea Fishes

Indian Mus., 1899, p. 203 (Bay of

Bengal, 193 to 250 fathoms).

Depth $9\frac{1}{3}$; $5\frac{1}{5}$ to vent; head

$2\frac{1}{3}$, $4\frac{1}{2}$ in total; Snout $5\frac{1}{4}$ in

head; eye 10, 2 in snout; mouth

cleft $2\frac{3}{4}$ in head, extends eye

1906

diameter beyond eye; single row of close set, equal, acute, moderate teeth in each jaw, on maxillary very incomplete inner series of similar teeth; 3 pairs of lower front canines, median very large and fit into notch above between premaxillaries and maxillaries when jaw closes; 3 smaller premaxillary canines, project when mouth closes; row of 4 large equal canines on vomer. Gill opening long as combined snout and eye.

Lateral line ends in posterior half of tail.

1907

Dorsal origin little over snout
length before gill opening;
caudal very small; pectoral $3\frac{1}{4}$
in head.

Chocolate above, whitish or silvery
below. Vertical fins whitish.

Pectoral dark brown, edged gray.

Length 355 mm. (Alcock.)

Bay of Bengal.